

Jobs = People = Demand

Location Quotient = Jobs

Results:

Analysis of Study Area Employment Base

Identifies Study Area Strengths (Basic Employees)

Identifies the Study Area “Economic Base Multiplier” TE/BE

Total Employees

Basic Employees

Identifies economic strength of Employment Base (the higher the average income the higher the standard of living

Completes first step in “Economic Base Analysis” – “Jobs”

San Mateo County LQ

<u>Total Employees</u>	<u>309002</u>	=	6.08
Basic Employees	50,839		

Jobs = People

Economic Base Analysis Step #2

Population/Employment Ratio (P/Er)

$$\frac{\text{Total Population in Study Area}}{\text{Total Employment in Study Area}}$$

P/Er the “Ratio of Jobs = People”

San Mateo County P/Er

$$\frac{\text{Total Population}}{\text{Total Employment}} = \frac{699,610}{309,002} = 2.26$$

Forecasting Formula for San Mateo County

Example (Assume +5,000 to BE in 5 years)

Forecast Basic Employment (FBE) = 55,839

X (x)

EBm (TE/BE in Study Area) =

6.08

X (x)

P/Er (TP/TE in Study Area) = 2.26

= (=)

Forecast Total Population = 767,272

Demand

Economic Base Analysis # 1 Goal :

Provide a tool to Analyze potential changes in Demand (Total Population) within a study area based on changes in the Employment Base within the Study Area

*Forecasting changes in Demand is the key to recognizing opportunities

**Forecasting changes in Demand is much more difficult than forecasting changes in Supply

Supply

Five Basic Property Types

Retail **Total Square Feet in Study Area**

Office **Total Square Feet in Study Area**

Industrial **Total Square Feet in Study Area**

Residential **Total number of Units**

Land **Total Acres/Square Feet**

Forecasting Supply Formula

Total Existing Supply

+

Pipeline (Currently under construction
+ planned and permitted construction)

-

Drain (Property scheduled for
demolishing)

=

Forecast Supply